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THE

PLEASANT HISTORY Pleasant History Af Roswall and Lillian.

PROM THE

RARE EDITION PRINTED AT EDINBURGH 1663.

Only 75 Copies printed for Sale.

1623 2-13

ROSWALL AND LILLIAN.



THIS pleasant history was the last of the Metrical Romances that retained their popularity in Scotland; and the circumstance of its being chanted in the streets of Edinburgh, is still within recollection. Since that period it has become familiar to the public, from an elegant analysis by one of the most accomplished editors of early poetical literature.

This Tale is not known to be extant in manuscript, and the earliest printed copy discovered is that from which the following publication is taken. It was purchased in 1813 for the Advocates' Library at the Roxburghe sale, and when we add, that it produced the sum of nine Guineas, the reader will have some idea of the value attached to perhaps the only existing copy of an impression evidently published for the ancient fraternity of flying stationers. The original is a small 8vo. bl. l. and contains 14 leaves, corresponding to this reprint; in which the only variation consists in having the lines numbered for the facility of reference.

A copy of another early edition of this Tale, without date or printer's name, is in the possession of Mr. Douce, by whom it was communicated to his friend Mr. Ellis. He describes it as being the only one he had seen, and supposes it to have issued from some provincial press, about eighty or ninety years ago.

The style of this Romance, says Mr. Ellis in reference to the later copy, "has perhaps been modernized, and the tale seems to have been awkwardly and carelessly abridged, unless we suppose it to have been printed from a mutilated and

^{*} Specimens of Early English Metrical Romances, vol. 111. p. 382-393.

There is, I think, no internal eviimperfect manuscript. dence to justify our ascribing its original to an earlier period than the middle of the 16th century." This observation may apply with greater force to the copy from which Mr. Ellis formed his abstract than to the present, in which the story has evidently suffered less than the language: besides, its composition must be referred to a still earlier age than that which he specifies, as it might be difficult to prove that any tale of a similar description belonged to a period so recent as the sixteenth century. If the present copy had exhibited a less modernized and corrupted text, it might have been curious to trace the change which took place in the course of the half century that intervened between the publication of these two editions.

Of the common stall-copies that have escaped destruction, the latest we have met with is entitled.—The pleafant history and love adventures of Roswal and Lillian with their love song, &c. Edinburgh, printed in the year 1785. pp. 24. It has this proemium,—

Here doth begin a worthy and a noble tale Of Roswal and Lillian withoutten fail,

and contains in all 411 lines. Like other pieces of traditionary poetry, it has suffered abundantly in passing among the people. It may indeed have been taken from a previous edition, not more accurate, and in fact comes nearer to the lines quoted by Mr. Ellis, than the corresponding ones in the older copy. Thus l. 16 reads,— Wight Hamibal nor Gandifer.

Instead of visiting the three lords in prison to provide them with their dinner, it is said that

The jaylor to the prison cam

To give the lords their morning dram.

But it is unnecessary to point out variations so palpably absurd and corrupted. The concluding lines, several of which do not appear in the following copy, may serve as a sufficient specimen of the whole; and the reader may begin the comparison at line 833. They are literally transcribed.

Fair Lillian bare him bairns five,
The fairest that might live in life:
The eldest son was king of Belam,
The second son of Naples realm.
For therefore was made the king,
Right after his father's days ending,
The third son was made Pope of Rome,
And then anon when this was done,
The eldest daughter such was her chance
She married the great Daphin of France.
The second married the prince of Pole,
I pray to God the death might thole,
To bring us to his lasting glore,
Which shall endure for evermore.

When these things were ended done, Roswal past to his mother soon, His father long time before was dead, But his mother of him was glad. So Roswal and Lillian sheen, Liv'd many years in good liking. I pray to Jesus, heaven's King, To grant us heaven to our ending, Of them I have no more to say, God send them rest untill doom's day.

'Roswal and Lillian, their love song,' commencing,—

 Of Naples, fam'd for maidens fair, Bright Lillian was the grace;
 Nor e'er did Liffy's limpid stream Reflect a fairer face.'

is nothing less than an awkward transformation of Tickell's well-known and justly admired ballad of Colin and Lucy.



A PLEASANT

HISTORY

OI

Rofwall and Lillian.

DECLARING

The occasion of Roswall his removing from his Native Kingdom, to the Kingdom of Bealm, and what befell him in his journey from his Steward: The entertainment he met with from an aged Wife: His Education at School; With his fortunate admission to be fervant to Lillian the Kings only Daughter, with whom fhe fell deeply in love. The reward of the three Lords by whom he attained the honour of the three dayes Justing before the Marriage of the Steward, who was knowen to be a Traitor and therefore justly executed; with the renewed wished-for Marriage betwixt Roswall and Lillian: thankfull remembrance of his friends; the number of his children, and their good fortune, all worthy reading.

E D I N B U R G H, Printed by I. H. Anno, 1663. ピスペック ピスペック ピスペック ピスペック

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THE

HISTORY

OF

Rofwall and Lillian.

Now will ye lift a little space,	
And I shall fend you to solace:	
Vou to folgo, and he blyth	
You to folace, and be blyth,	
Hearken, ye shall hear belyve	_
A tale that is of veritie,	· 5
If ye will hearken unto me.	
In Naples lived there a King,	
Had all the lands in Governing.	
Who had a Lady fair and young,	
Whose name was called Lillian:	10
This Lady pleafant was and fair,	
Bare him a Son, which was his Heir,	
Whose name was called Rofwall:	
Of fairer heard I never tell;	
Princes to him could not compare,	15
Ulisses nor Gandifere,	
Achilles nor Troyalus,	
Nor yet his Father Priamus:	
The Knight that kept the Parent well,	
Was not so fair as Roswall.	20
There lived into that Countrie,	
Worthy noble Lords three,	
That to the King had done treason,	
A 0	Thorn

Therefore he put them in prison;	
And there he held them many a day,	25
Till they were aged quite away,	
Aged and quite o'regrown with hair,	
While of their lives they did despair,	
That they knew of no remedie,	
But looked after death daily;	30
So it befell upon a day	
The young Prince he went to play,	
Him to play and to folace,	
And so it happened in that case,	
Toward the Prison he is gone,	35
To hear thir Lords making their moan,	
He fate down and a little staid,	
To hearken what thir Lords faid:	
They faid, dear God, have mind of us,	
Even for the fake of dear Jesus	40
Who bought us with his precious blood,	
And for us dyed on the rood	
To help us, if thy will it be,	
And of this Prison make us free.	
The Young Prince did hear their mos	ın, 4 5
He heard their mourning and their groat	n:
Then to his Chamber he is gone,	
Heavy in heart, as fad as ftone;	
He fate down and did foresee,	
How best thir Lords might helped be,	50
And fo he thought upon a wyle	
The King how he might best beguile;	
A custome then had the Jaylors,	
Who keeped ay the Prisoners,	
After the doors all locked were,	55
Unto the King the keyes to bear	
The King used them to lay	·
	IIndan

Rofwall and Lillian.

Under his bed-head privily.	
The Prince foon perceiving had,	
Where the King the keyes laid:	60
And on a night he watch did keep	
Till that the King was fallen asleep:	
He took the keyes full privilie,	
And to the Prison gone is he,	
Who did deliver thir Lords three,	65
Bade them passe home to their Countrie;	
And then they fwore by fweet Jesus,	
If ever ye mifter help of us,	
We shall you help into your need:	
Glad was he having done the deed.	70
The keyes laid under his Fathers head,	
And went and fleept as he were dead.	
The King rofe and eke the Queen,	
The Principal, and Lords bedeen;	
They went to messe and then to dine,	75
The Jaylors all did come in fyne,	
Asked from the King the keyes,	
Which to deliver did him please:	
Then to the Prison they went in fear,	
To give the Lords their dinner there:	80
But when they came all were away,	
They knew not what to do nor fay.	
The Prifoners away were gone,	
How, or what way known to none.	
The King was then fo dollorous,	85
That the three Lords were scaped thus:	
He fayes, O Lord, how may this be	
That thir Prisoners hath been made free?	
Under my bed-head lay the keyes,	
None knew thereof, as God me ease,	90
A 3	And

And here I make a folemn vow, Before you all my Lords now, Who ere he be hath done the deed, He fhall be hang'd without remeed: Or else so foon as I him see, 95 My own two hands his bane shall be. It was reported through the Town, That the young Prince the deed had done; The word throughout the Pallace ran, 100 Which made the King a grieved man, When he the vow confidered, And that his Son had done the deed. The Queen then far more grieved was: She mourn'd and weeped with her face. 105 And quickly to the King went she, Who, kneeling down upon her knee, Thus faid, for him that fits on hie, Let your Sons fault forgiven be: That may not be Madam, he faid, 110 For I a faithfull vow have made, That affoon as I may him fee, My own two hands his bane shall be; Therefore I pray you, day and night, To keep him well out of my fight, Till I fend him to fome Countric, 115 Where he may fafely keeped be. And then in hafte down fate the King, Wrote letters without tarrying, To fend his Son to the King of Bcalm, 120 For to remain in that Realm. Still to continue with the King, Till he fent for his home-coming, Letters in hafte then foon wrote he,

Defiring

Rofwall and Lillian.

Defiring the King especiallie,	
For to receive his own dear fon,	125
Which for most trust was sent to him.	
His furnishing was made ready,	
And he got gold in great plenty.	
The Kings Steward, a stalward Knight,	
Was made to keep him day and night,	130
And so his servant for to be,	
To keep him well in that Countrie;	
The Queen did look to the Steward,	
And faid, my love, my joy, my heart,	
Sir Steward, now I do thee pray,	135
To keep my Son both night and day,	
And serve him both by foot and hand,	
And thou fhalt have both gold and land,	
Or yet of any other thing	
That thou'lt feek from me or the King.	140
He faid, Madam, that may not be,	
But I will ferve him tenderlie.	
She sayes, my fair Son Roswall,	
Hearken what I to thee will tell,	
When thou dost come to that Country,	145
Carry thy felf right honeftly,	
Be Courteous, Genty, kind and free,	
And use ay in good companie:	
And if thou needest ought to spend,	
Send word to me, I shall thee fend.	150
He took his leave then of the Queen,	
And of her Ladies all bedeen:	
Great mourning and great care they made	
When that out of the Town they rade,	
The Gracious God mot be his guide.	155
So on a time as they did ride,	a: 1
	Side

Side for fide, hand for hand rode they, None other faw they in the way, Only they two in companie, Came to a River fair to fee: 160 The Prince then faid unto the Knight, My counfell is that here we light: For in this place I thirst so fore, That further can I ride no more, 165 Till of this water I get my fill: Wot ye how I may win theretill; The Knight leapt down deliverlie, And drank the water bufilie: He bade him light and drink also 170 His fill ere he should further go: And on his belly, as he lay down To drink the water ready bown, The false Knight took him by the feet, And vow'd to throw him in the deep. Unlesse that he did fwear an oath, 175 That he the Gold and letters both Should unto him refign gladly, And his fervant become truly, To ferve him well both day and night, 180 This oath he made to the false Knight: He the Master, and he the Knave; He gave to him what he would crave. And then anone withoutten stay, They mounted both and went their way, 185 While they came to the Land of Bealm, And had past much of that Realm. The Kings Pallace when they came near Rofwall made forry chear: For the Knight did him forbid,

Further

Rofwall and Lillian.

Further with him for to ride;	190
He would fee fervants in the Town,	100
Abundance of all fashion.	•
Away he rode then with his gold,	
Leaving poor Rofwall on the mold,	100
With not a penny in's companie	195
To buy his dinner, though he should die.	
So to the Town in hy he rode,	
And in the Kings Pallace abode.	
In his heart was great rejoycing,	
Presented his letters to the King;	200
He read his letters haftily,	
And said, Sir, welcome mot ye be;	
Ye shall to me be love and dear,	
So long as ye will tarry here.	
Now in the Court we let him dwell,	205
And we will speak of Roswall.	
Roswall was mourning on the mold,	
Wanting his letters and his gold:	
He sayes, alace, and woe is me,	
For lack of food, I'm like to die;	210
O that my Mother knew my skaith,	H20
My Father and my Mother baith:	
For now I wot not what to do,	
Nor what hand to turn me to:	
	215
Neither know I how to call me,	213
But I'm Dissawar what e'er befall me,	
As then he making was his moan,	
Beside none but himself alone,	
He lookt a little, and did espy	
A little house, none else hard by;	220
To himself he sayes quickly,	
To yonder house I will me hy,	
	And

And ask some vittals for this night,	
And harbour while the day be light:	
He stepped forth right sturdily,	225
And to the little house went he;	
He knockt a little at the door,	
And then went in upon the floor,	
He found no creature therein,	
Neither to make noife nor din,	230
But a filly and aged wife,	
In chastity had led her life:	
He sayes, Dame, for Saint July,	
This night let me have harbury,	
And als fome vittals till the morn,	235
For him that was in Bethlehem born;	
She fayes, to such meat as I have	
Ye're welcome, part thereof receive,	
She fet him down, and gave him meat,	
Even of the best that she could get,	240
And prayed him to make good chear,	
For you are very welcome here;	
I know you are of far Countrie,	
For ye are feemly for to fee.	
Tell me your name in charitie,	245
And do not it deny to me:	
He sayes, Diffawar they call me,	
So was I call'd in my Countrie:	
She sayes, Dissawar, wo is me,	
That is a poor name verilie	250
Yet Diffawar, you shall not be,	
For good help you fhall have of me:	
I have a fon no children mo,	
Who each day to the School doth go:	
If ye will bide still here with me,	255
•	To

Roswall and Lillian.

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To him full welcome will ye be; And daily you and he together May go to School and learn each other; He fayes, good Dame, God you foryield, For here I get of you good bield. 260 As he and the was thus talkand, In comes her fon even at her hand: Good Dame, he fayes, my mother dear, Who's this that ye have gotten here, 265 This is a Clark of far Countrie, Would fain go to the School with thee; He fayes, dear welcome mot he be, For I have got good companie. And then they past to their supper, 270 For his fake had the better chear. Then Diffawar fair of face, After supper said the grace. And quickly to their beds went they, And sleeped till it was near day, 275 And then the morn right airly rose, And put upon them all their cloaths, They went to School right hastilie, By that time they could day-light see. Into the School the Master came. And asked at Diffawar his name: 280 He fayes, Diffawar they call me, So was I cal'd in my Countrie. The Master said, now Dissawar, Thou shalt want neither meat nor laire: 285 When ever thou needest, come to me, And I shall make you good supplie. Great skill of learning before he had Into the Country where he was bred. He

He had not been a moneth there,	
Into the School even little maire,	290
But the Steward unto the King	~30
Of Disfawar had perceiving:	
He did set well his Courtesie,	
His nature and his great beautie;	
Into his heart he greatly thought	295
In service to have him, if he might	~ 9 0
The Steward to the Wife is gone,	
And fayes, God fave you fair Madam,	
Where got ye this child fo fair,	
That to this Lodging makes repair?	300
Sir, they do call him Diffawar,	500
And ay hes done fince he came here;	
He is my joy, he is my heart,	
For he and I fhall never part;	
He fayes, Madam, that may not be,	305
He must go to the Court with me:	000
She fayes, Sir, its against my will,	
If ye will let him here ftay still.	
The Steward took Diffawar fair of face,	
And brought him to the King's Grace.	310
He had not been a moneth there,	010
Into fervice or little maire,	
But he was lov'd of old and young,	
As he had been a Prince or King.	
The King he had a Daughter fair,	315
And no moe bairns fhe was his Heir,	0.0
She was by name call'd Lillian,	
Of fairer forfooth I read of nane:	
Not the Noble French Queen,	
Nor yet the Lady Pelicane,	320
Nor yet Helen that fair Ladie,	0.40
•	Non

Rofwall and Lillian.

Nor yet the true *Philippie*, Nor yet the Lady Christaline Was not fo fair as *Lillian*. This lufty Lady Lillian 325 Choof'd him to be her Chamberlane, Of which the Steward was full wo, That he so soon should part him fro: Yet would not fay nay to Lillian, Of which the Lady was right fain, 330 And entred him in her fervice, For he was both leill, true and wife: He brake her bread, and made good chear, Filled the cup, the wine that bare: She took fuch comfort then of him, 335 She lov'd him better nor all her kin. Afide fhe call'd him on a day, And thus unto him fhe did fay, Now tell me Diffawar for charitie, Into what Country born was ye? **340** He faid I'm of a far Countrie, My father's a man of a low degree: I cannot trust, said she, by the rood, But you are come of noble blood: For I know by your courtefie, 345 And by your wonder fair bodie, That ye are come of noble blood, This is my reason, by the rood. Madam, by that ye may well ken, That I am come of fober men. 350 Diffawar, my little flower, I wish thou were my paramour: God fen I had thee to be King, That I might wed you with a Ring. In

In her arms she did him imbrace,	355
And kift him thrice into that place.	
He kneeled down upon his knee,	
And thanked that Lady heartilie:	
He faid, Lady, God you foreyeeld,	
That ye should love so poor a child;	360
And I now, Lady, while I die,	
Love you again most heartilie,	
Within his heart he was right glad	
And he did think mair then he faid.	
Soon after that this Lady fair,	365
Said anone to Diffawar,	
Diffawar, I do you pray,	
Cast that name from you away;	
Call you Hector or Oliver,	
Ye are so fair without compare:	370
Call your felf Sir Porteous,	
Or else the worthy <i>Emedus</i> ;	
Call you the noble Predicase,	
Who was of fair and comely face;	
Because that I love you so well,	375
Because that I love you so well, Let your name be Sir Lion dale,	
Or great Florent of Albanie,	٠
My heart, if ye bear love to me;	
Or call you Lancelot du Lake,	
For your dearest true loves sake;	380
Call you the Knight of Arms green,	
For the love of your Lady sheen:	
He sayes, Dissawar they must call me,	
While afterward I more do fee.	
If ye will have no other name,	385
Call you a Squire to the King,	
Or to his daughter Chamberlan,	
	For

Rofwall and Lillian.

For love of his daughter Lillian.	
She laugh'd, and once or twice him kift,	
And to her Ladies then she past,	390
And Diffawar was very glad,	
For the joy he of the Lady had.	
So it befell upon a day,	
His Father to his Mother did fay,	
I think right long for to hear tell	39 5
Of my fair fon Roswall:	
I think fo long I cannot sleep,	
With that the Queen began to weep,	
Who faid, good Sir, for charitie,	
Let some be fent him for to see:	400
It is long fince he from us went,	
Perchance his Gold is now all fpent.	
As the King his Father was to fend,	
There came Messengers even at hand	
With letters from that noble King,	405
Which made him glad in every thing.	
But they beguiled were both, fo	
That none of them the case did know:	
The King had written on this manner,	
Defiring his Son to his Daughter,	410
The King his Father was right glad,	
That fuch a marriage should be made;	
Therefore he every way confented,	
Even as the King by writ had fent it;	
An answer to him he did send,	415
When he the wedding would intend,	
That he might fend Lords of that Countrie	
To bear witnesse to that marriage free.	
The Messengers went home again,	
And told their King what they had done;	420
	And

And then anone without delay	
Appointed was the Marriage day:	
Who fent word to the noble King,	
And he without more tarrying,	
Sent to folemnize that day,	425
An Earle and lufty Lords tway.	
With them went two lusty Knights,	
And many a gallant Squire wight.	
The King of Bealm cauf'd make a cry,	
Three dayes before the marriage day,	430
To come and Just a course of Wier,	
Before me and my Queen full dear,	
To fee who best will undertake,	
To Just then for his Ladies sake.	
But when to Lillian it was told,	435
Wit ye well her heart was cold;	
For the lov'd none but Dissawar.	
Who, went and told him lesse and mair,	
Said, at yon Justing you must be,	
For to Just for your Ladie;	440
And if ye will not Just for me,	
Just for your Love where ere she be:	
He faith, Lady, by my good fay,	
I nere was bred with fuch a play,	
For I had rather be at hunting,	445
Then finging, dancing, or at Justing:	
Yet I shall stand by you Lady,	
To fee who bears away the gree.	
And so they parted on that night:]	
And on the morn when it was light,	450
Disfawar got up his way,	
Went to the Forrest be it was day;	
His hounds leading into his hand,	
, ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Full

Rofwall and Lillian.

Full well triping at his command.	
And when he came to the Forrest,	455
He looked East, and looked West,	
He looked over the bents brown,	
Where he faw neither house nor town,	
The Myrle and Mavefe fhouted fhrile,	
The Sun blinked on every hill;	460
In his heart he had great rejoycing	
Of the birds full sweet singing:	
He looked down upon the fpray,	
When it was nine hours of the day,	
And faw a little space him fra,	465
A Knight coming, with him no mae,	
Riding on a milk-white steed,	
And all milk-white was his weed,	
To Dissawar he came ridand,	
And lighted down even at his hand,	470
And faid, anone, my full fweet thing,	
I must be dreft in your cloathing:	
Take you my armour and my steed,	
And dreffe you all into my weed:	
And to you Justing you must faire,	475
To win you praise and honour mair:	
When ye have done come ye to me,	
Of Vennisoun ye shall have plentie.	
Then Diffawar armed him quickly:	
The Knight him helped that stood by:	480
He ftoutly lap upon his fteed,	
And ran Lances through the Mied,	
Till he came to the Justing-place,	
He faw his Mistres face to face,	
And he saw many Ladies gay,	485
And many Lords in rich array,	
${f B}$	And

And he faw many a luftie Knight, Justing before him in his fight: He rade unto the Justing place, 490 Where Knights encountred face to face, And many fadles toom'd he there, Both of Knights and many a Squyer: All men wondred what he was, That of Justing had such praise: 495 The Ladies heart was wonder fair And said, alace for Diffawar. Why would he not tarry with me, This Noble justing for to see: And when the Justing was near done, Then he beheld the Steward foon, 500 His heels turn upward there he made, All that him faw were fore afraid. Then he unto the Forrest ran, As light as ever did a man: The King cry'd with voice on hie, 505 Go take you Knight, bring him to me, And whoso brings him to my hand, Shall have an Earldome of land: But all for nought, it was in vain, For to the woods he rode again, 510 Delivered his Armour and his fteed, And dreft himfelf in his own weed: The Lord had taken him Vennisoun, And homeward with them made he bown, As for help defired none he, 515 Prefented them to his Ladie. She fayes, now wherefore Diffawar Beguil'd ye me in this manner? He answered, my Lady dear, Why

Roswall and Lillian.

Why say ye that unto me here? Wherefore shall I come to Justing? I have no skill of such a thing. She sayes, a Knight with a white steed	520
And all milk-white was his weed,	FOF
He hath born away the gree,	525
Of him is spoken great plentie:	
And if ye bide the morn with me,	
Ye peradventure shall him see.	
I shall do so, said he, Madam,	500
The morn I will not pass from home.	530
Then Lillian to her Ladies went,	
Past to their supper incontinent:	
And on the morn right timoufly,	
He did rise up be he might see,	-0-
And forth unto the Forrest went,	535
After the night was fully spent:	
When that he came to those woods gree	en,
The place where he before had been;	
Under the shadow of a tree	~.~
He laid him down right privatlie.	54 0
The birds did fing with pleasant voice,	
He thought himself in Paradice,	
And to bear part, for joy fang he	
Even for the love of his Ladie,	
How she lov'd him her Paramour,	54 5
And she of all the world the flower:	
For pleasure of the weather fair,	
So clear and pleasant was the air,	
His heart was light on leaf on tree,	
When that he thought on his Lady.	<i>55</i> 0
He looked then over an hill,	
And faw a Knight coming him till,	
В 2	Having

Having a red shield and a red spear,	
And all red fhined his gear.	
To Diffawar he came full soon,	555
And at his hand he lighted down,	
And faid, Sir, take this horfe of mine,	
And all my Armour good and fine:	
To the Justing in haste ride ye,	
The gracious God your guide be:	560
And foon to him he reacht a Spear	
Which he did take withoutten fear:	
He then did ride forth merrilie,	
And foon his Lady can he fee,	
And she was cloathed all in white,	565
To look on her was great delight:	
He made the Lady full gay halfing,	
And then he went to the Justing:	
And if he Justed well before,	
Better that day by fifteen score.	570
He hunted the Knights here and there,	
Even as the hound doth hunt the Hare,	
And many Knights he bare to ground,	
And some of them got their deeds wound.	
Of the Steward he got a fight,	575
And on his arfe he made him light,	
And then unto the Forrest ran,	
As light as ever did a man.	
The King cryed with voice on hie,	
Go take you Knight, bring him to me,	580
And whoso brings him to my hand	
Shall have an Earldome of land:	
But all for nought it was in vain,	
For to the Woods he rade again.	
When he came there the Knight he leugh,	585
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Rofwall and Lillian

Have I not Vennisoun enough? Ye have been at the field all day, And I at hunting and at play, Then Diffawar gave him his fteed, 590 His fhield, his armour, and his weed: His fteed was all of apple-gray, None better was, I dare well say. Then *Diffawar* went home quickly, With a white Hind to his Lady, When he came home, as I heard tell, 595 She greatly did at him marvell That he came not to the Justing: Lady, grive not at fuch a thing. She fayes, a Knight with a gray steed, 600 And all red fhined his weed, This day hath born away the gree, Of him is spoken great plentie: And I have ever in my thought That it was you the deed hath wrought. I pray, Madam, trust no such thing, 605 For I no skill have of Justing. She fays the morn go not away, Because it is the hindmost day: But Diffawar full foon the morn 610 Got up and blew his hunting horn, And went into the Forrest soon With hounds and ratches of renown, And there he had great comforting Of all the birds full sweet singing, And then he looked up full fwyth, 615 He faw a fight which made him blyth, A Knight upon a stalward Steed, And glittring Gold was all his weed: His

His fhield was red, his armour green,	
Ov'r all the land it might be feen.	620
To Dissawar he came full foon.	
And at his hand he lighted down, And faid, Sir, take this horfe of mine,	
And faid, Sir, take this horse of mine,	
And all my armour good and fine:	
To the Justing in haste ride ye,	625
The Gracious God your guide be:	
And even so soon as he came there,	
He faw his Lady that was so fair:	
And all the weed that fhe did wear,	
In glittring red gold did appear,	630
He at his Lady did cast a Ring,	
Then past he on to the Justing;	
He rade among them with fuch force,	
That he dang down both man and horse:	
Out through the field when that he ran,	635
At each stroak he dang down a man.	
Sir Ronald and Sir Oliver	
In their Justing made no such steir,	
When he beheld the Steward than	
He dang him down both horse and man;	640
Both horfe and man on the ground lay,	
And of his ribs were broken tway.	
Then to the Forrest he rade full foon,	
When that the Justing was all done;	
As swift as Falcon of his flight	645
Upon a bird when he doth light.	
The King cryed with voice full fhrill	
Go take yon Knight, bring him me till;	
And whoso brings him to me here,	
Shall have my land and daughter dear,	650
But all for nought, it was in vain,	
	II.

Rofwall and Lillian.

For to the woods he rade again, Delivered his armour and his Steed, And dreft himself in his own weed: 655 He thanked him right reverently, Then came the other two Knights in hy. The fame two Knights we spake of aire, Who faid, O bleffed Master dear, From prison you delivered us, 660 Wherefore mot thank you fweet Jesus, And this is also most certain, We promifed to you again, If ever you help of us did need, We should perform the same with speed. 665 The morn the marriage should be Of the Steward who beguiled thee: But therefore do thou nothing fear, The Brides bed he shall not come near. They took their leave withoutten mair, 670 And he went to his Lady fair. And when that they were coming home From the Justing every one, He went unto his Lady gent, Saluting her incontinent. 675 Are ye, Diffawar, welcome to me, That so oft hath beguiled me? But yet I must forgive you soon Of all that ever you have done, She sayes, a Knight with a stalward steed, And glittering gold was all his weed, 680 This day hath born away the gree Of all the Justing dayes three. If to my Father the truth ye tell, That it was you Justed so well:

Then dare I furely take in hand, He'll give you me and all the land. The morn the marriage should be Betwixt you young Prince and me: But here I make a solemn vow,	685
I never shall have man but you:	690
Therefore I heartily do you pray,	
The morn that ye go not away.	•
I shall do that, my Lady bright,	
I shall not go out of your fight.	CO.
Then fhe the morn right airly rose,	695
And put upon her all her cloaths,	
Unto the King then is she gone, Who kneeled on her knees full soon.	
Then faid he, <i>Lillian</i> , what would ye? Declare your mind now unto me:	700
If it be lawfull ye require,	100
I fhall it grant at your defire.	
Grant me my asking for Christ's sake,	
That is a Prince to be my maik.	
Ask on, he fayes, how that may be,	705
I have devised one for thee.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
She sayes, they call him Diffawar,	
I alk no more at you. Father.	
I ask no more at you, Father. That asking I to tell thee plain,	
Is not befitting for thy train:	710
For he is but a Batcheller,	
For ought that I do know or hear:	
We know of none he is become,	
But this man is a great Kings son;	
Therefore ye shall let such things be,	715
For it becomes not you nor me,	
That we the Kings fon should forbear,	
	And

Reswall and Lillian.

And match you with a Batcheller:	
To me it were a great defame,	
And alse to you a very shame:	720
Therefore I counfell you forbear,	•
And wed you Prince withoutten peer.	
And then she past the Kirk untill,	
And married him fore against her will;	
And when the marriage was done,	725
She past unto her chamber foon,	•
And mourned there till dinner time,	
That she was brought to hall to dine:	
The King was fet and eke the Queen,	
The faid Prince and Lillian sheen:	730
Then every Lord and gentle Knight	,,,
Marched with a Lady bright:	
The Courses came abundantlie,	
With bread and wine in great plenty,	
At mid'it of dinner as they fat,	735
In came the three Lords at the gate:	,00
They did falute the King and Queen,	
And eke fair Lady Lillian sheen:	
But the Bride-groom that fate near by,	
To him they made no courtesie.	740
The King thereat great marvell had,	, 10
That they to him no reverence made:	
And faid, Why do you not refign	
Homage to your Prince and King?	
They said, By Him that us dear bought,	745
Into the hall we see him nought:	, 10
Then all the hall they looked round,	
At last him in a chamber found;	
And then they kneeled down in hy,	
Saluting him right reverently,	750
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And by the hand they have him tane. Then marvelled in hall ilk ane: The King wondered and eke the Queen, But blyth was Lady Lillian. They did enquire how it befell, 755 So he the manner did them tell, How that he thought him for to drown, And in the River cast him down: And how his gold from him took he, And letters, to let him go free: 760 How he made him an oath to take, Which will turn to his fhame and lack, That I a fervant fo fhould be To him my Father fent with me; 765 The which he could not well deny, But granted all right hastily. Then Roswall told unto the King All the manner of the Justing, And fhewed to him that it was he, 770 Who won the Justing dayes three. And then they took the Steward foon, And hanged him high afternoon. Then to the Kirk they passed there, And married him and Lillian fair. 775 There is no tongue on earth can tell The joy that then had Ro[wall:And wit ye well if he was fain, Fainer was Lady *Lillian*. For blyther was not *Meledas*, When as the married Claudias, 780 Nor Beljant that most pleasant flower, When fhe got Ronald to paramour, As was this Lady Lillian: In

Roswall and Lillian.

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And fent him to school with her son, And how the Master treated him: How the Steward did him perceive, 820 And from the wife did him receive, And loved him even as his fon, In fervice to remain with him. The King did marvell much again To hear thir tidings fo certain. Then *Rofwall* rewarded foon 825 All that ever him good had done: First he gave to the old wife Gold that lasted all her life, And then without delay anone He made a Bishop of her son: 830 The Master that did him instruct His own Chapland he did him make. Roswall and Lillian free, Had five bairns fickerlie. Three fons and two daughters dear 855 Right fair they were withoutten peer: The eldest son was King of Bealm The fecond fell to Naples Realm, The third fon King of Bane was made, 840 When that the King thereof was dead: The eldest daughter fell a chance, Married the Daulphin of France The fecond on the Prince of Pail. We pray to him that vanquisht hell, 845 And for us dyed on a tree To grant us heaven, Amen, fay ye.



FINIS.



